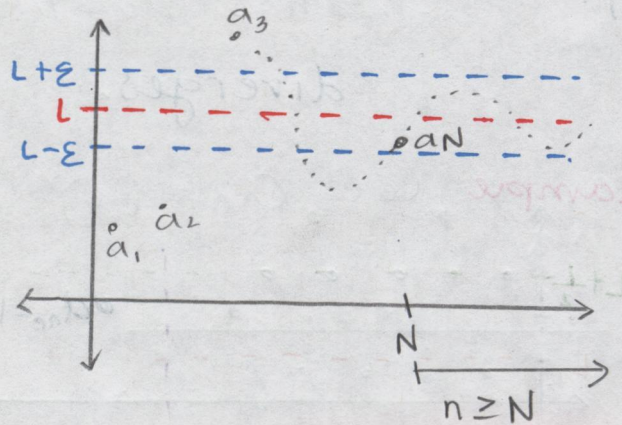


Last Time: $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = L$

if for every $\epsilon > 0 \exists N > 0$ such that if $n \geq N$ then $|a_n - L| < \epsilon$



Example: $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} = 0$

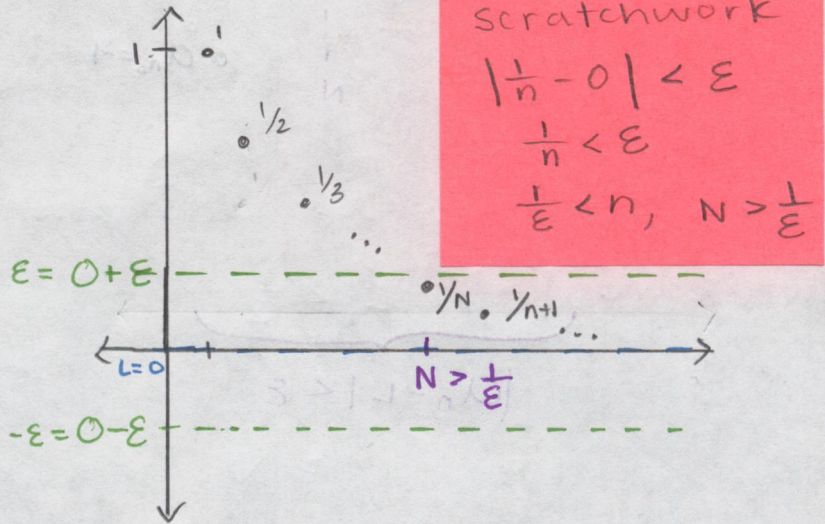
proof: Let $\epsilon > 0$

pick N where $N > \frac{1}{\epsilon}$

Then if $n \geq N$ then

$$\left| \frac{1}{n} - 0 \right| = \frac{1}{n} \leq \frac{1}{N} < \epsilon \quad \square$$

\uparrow $n > 0$ \uparrow $n \geq N$ \uparrow $N > \frac{1}{\epsilon}$



Example: Let's show that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n+1} = 1$

proof: Let $\epsilon > 0$

For any $n > 0$, note that

$$(*) \left| \frac{n}{n+1} - 1 \right| = \left| \frac{n}{n+1} - \frac{n+1}{n+1} \right| = \left| \frac{-1}{n+1} \right| = \frac{1}{n+1}$$

\uparrow $n > 0$

scratchwork

$$\frac{1}{n+1} < \epsilon$$

$$\frac{1}{\epsilon} < n+1$$

$$\frac{1}{\epsilon} - 1 < n$$

Note that $\frac{1}{n+1} < \epsilon$ iff $\frac{1}{\epsilon} < n+1$ iff $\frac{1}{\epsilon} - 1 < n$.

pick N so that $N > \frac{1}{\epsilon} - 1$. if $n \geq N > \frac{1}{\epsilon} - 1$, then by the previous equations (*) we have:

$$\left| \frac{n}{n+1} - 1 \right| = \frac{1}{n+1} < \epsilon \quad \square$$