# Homework \# 2 - Integral Domains 

1. Calculate the elements of $\mathbb{Z}_{n}^{\times}$where $n=3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14$.
2. Determine which of the following rings are integral domains:
(a) $n \mathbb{Z}$ where $n \geq 2$
(b) $\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$
(c) $\mathbb{Z}_{2} \times \mathbb{Z}_{3}$
(d) $\mathbb{Z}_{5}$
(e) $\mathbb{Z}_{106}$
(f) $M_{2}(\mathbb{R})$
3. Let $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ be integral domains. Prove that $R_{1} \times R_{2}$ is NOT an integral domain.
4. (a) Let $R$ be an integral domain with identity 1 and $S$ be a subring of $R$ satisfying $1 \in S$. Prove that $S$ is an integral domain. (b) What if $1 \notin S$ but $S$ is still a subring of $R$ ?
5. Let $R$ and $S$ be subdomains of an integral domain $T$. Prove that $R \cap S$ is a subdomain of $T$.
6. Let $R$ be a ring. We say that $x \in R$ is an idempotent of $R$ if $x \cdot x=x$. Show that if $R$ is an integral domain then it only has two idempotents.
