

## Homework #10

① For each matrix  $A$  do the following:

(i) Find the eigenvalues of  $A$ .

(ii) Find a basis for each eigenspace  $E_\lambda(A)$ .

(iii) For each eigenvalue, compute its algebraic and geometric multiplicity.

(iv) determine whether or not  $A$  is diagonalizable, and if so find  $P$  where  $P^{-1}AP$  is diagonal.

(a)  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

(b)  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 6 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & -8 \\ 1 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$

(c)  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$

(d)  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

(e)  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$

② Let  $A$  be an  $n \times n$  matrix and  $\lambda$  be an eigenvalue of  $A$ . Prove that  $E_\lambda(A)$  is a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

③ Let  $A$  be an  $n \times n$  matrix. Suppose that  $\lambda$  is an eigenvalue of  $A$  with corresponding eigenvector  $\vec{x}$ . Find a formula for  $A^n \vec{x}$  for any  $n = 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots$