

Platinum has the atomic symbol Pt and atomic number of 78. It's a precious transition metal that has a greyish white color and is used in jewelry, laboratory equipment, dentistry, and car emission control devices.

Platinum, Pt; a heavy, malleable, precious metal that is resistant to corrosion and some acids, and is used in catalytic converters and fuel cells. More precious than gold, it is extremely rare.

Platinum is an element with atomic number 78. It is rare on Earth and used as a catalyst. Platinum is harmful and appears grayish-white. It is often used in jewelry and dentistry.

Platinum, Pt, is a metallic chemical element that is malleable, ductile, and lustrous. It is a silver-white and is chemically inactive. Platinum is sometimes used in jewelry or a catalyst in electronics.

Platinum is a metallic element found worldwide; it is usually mixed with other metals. It is malleable and ductile, and one of the transition elements. Platinum is used for jewelry and electrical components.

Platinum, Pt, a silver-white metallic element that is considered to be a precious metal; used in jewelry and as a catalyst, this metal has a high melting point and good resistance to corrosion and chemicals.

Platinum is a transition metal that can be found in deposits of sand, mud, etc. in amounts of grains or nuggets. It is mainly used in lab equipment, jewelry, and electrical contacts.

Platinum's atomic symbol is Pt and its atomic number is 78. Platinum is used in jewelry. Its density is approximately 21.45 g.cm⁻³. Platinum's melting point is 2041.4 K.

Platinum when pure a grey-white transition metal with a symbol Pt atomic number 78. It is used at jewelry. Its more precious than gold but the price is twice as less.

Platinum, Pt, is a heavy, rare corrosion-resistant metal. Platinum's wear-and-tear resistance makes it well-suited to be used for jewelry. It should be noted that Platinum is in fact more precious than gold.

Platinum, Pt, is a chemical element with 78 protons. It is an extremely rare grey metal that is resistant to deterioration. Platinum serves many functions, including its application as a catalyst for fuel cells.

Platinum is a transition metal that is corrosion resistant and are often coated in a grayish-white color. It is used in jewelry, and is valued more than gold.

Platinum is the 78th element of the periodic table, and belongs to the group of Transition

Metals. It is used in many items and devices such as dentistry, jewelry, and including laboratory equipment.

Platinum, Pt is an extremely rare metal, and it exists in higher abundances on the Moon and asteroids. It is also resistant to corrosion and occurs in some nickel and copper ores.

The element platinum is a metal. It has an atomic number of 78. It also has an atomic mass of 195.08. It is also a transition element.

Platinum (Pt) is a chemical element in the periodic table. It is a heavy and malleable transition metal. Platinum is used in jewelry, lab equipment, and other things

Platinum; is a metal and is resistant to corrosion. It is used in jewelry, laboratory equipment, electrical contacts, spark plugs, automobile emissions control devices

Platinum, Pt, is an element in group 10, period 6, on the periodic table with the atomic number 78. Platinum is a heavy, malleable, ductile, grey-white transition metal, used in many ways.

Platinum; Pt; a silvery white metal when pure. Platinum comes in many forms such as foil, gauze and wire, it is insoluble in hydrochloric and nitric acid. Hydrogen and oxygen gas mixtures explode in the presence of platinum wire.

Platinum is a soft, spongy, grey-white transition metal; it is resistant to corrosion and is in some nickel and copper ores. Platinum is used in jewelry, laboratory equipment, and electrical contacts.

Platinum; Platinum, Pt, a silvery metallic chemical element is the most common among platinum metals with an abundance in the Earth's crust of about a millionth of a percent; mostly used in the manufacture of jewelry.

Platinum is a heavy, soft, precious, grey-white transition metal. Its atomic symbol is Pt and its atomic number is 78. It is resistant to corrosion and is used in many different things.

Platinum; Pt; is a rare metal that is relatively chemically inert. It is used in laboratory equipment and jewelry and also for electrical conducting and to measure high temperatures.

Platinum; Platinum, Pt, a heavy, malleable, ductile, precious, grey-white transition metal. Platinum is used in jewelry, laboratory equipment, electrical contacts, dentistry, and automobile emissions control devices.

Platinum, Pt; Platinum is a whitish colored transition metal that has the properties of being non-corrosive. In addition, this metal also acts as a catalyst and has a high value on the consumer market.

Platinum is a chemical element in the periodic table that has the atomic symbol Pt and an atomic number of 78. Platinum is used in jewelry, laboratory equipment, electrical contacts, dentistry, and automobile emissions control devices.

Platinum: Symbol Pt and an atomic number of 78. It is available in different forms including wire, sheet, and foil. It's mostly used in jewelry, dentistry, laboratory equipment.

Platinum (Pt)- Platinum is considered one of the strongest metals. With its high boiling points and catalyst properties, it is a perfect candidate for automotive applications. It is used mainly to reduce emissions.

Platinum Pt is a chemical element that is a metal, heavy, malleable, and corrosion resistant. Platinum is used as a catalyst in both fuel cells and catalytic converters and as jewelry.

Platinum is a precious grey-white corrosion resistant transition metal that is used for a variety of applications. Platinum is extremely rare and is found in 5 ppb on the earth's crust.

Platinum: Platinum is a precious metal that is more valuable than gold. It is used as a catalyst in catalytic converters for automobiles. It does not oxidize and is resistant to chemical attack. Its atomic number is 78 and has an atomic radius of 135 pm. The frame of the crown of Queen Elizabeth (mother) is made of platinum.

Platinum is a chemical element in the periodic table. It has an atomic symbol of Pt. Its atomic number is 78. Platinum is resistant to corrosion. It occurs in copper and sometimes nickel.

Platinum is a heavy, malleable, and precious transition metal. It is resistant to corrosion and has a melting point of 2041.4 K, and a boiling point of 4098 K.

Platinum (Pt): A heavy, malleable, ductile, precious, grey-white transition metal, platinum is resistant to corrosion and occurs in some nickel and copper ores along with some native deposits.

It was discovered by Julius Scaliger in 1735. Its atomic number is 78 with an atomic mass of 195.078 amu. It does not oxidize in air at any temperature.

Platinum when pure is a greyish-white and firm metal. The characteristics of platinum is that it is malleable, high-resistance to chemical

attack, and can withstand high temperatures. Platinum is used in jewelry and industrial equipments.

Platinum pt: Platinum has a atomic number of 78, it is heavy, malleable, and ductile. Platinum is used widely in jewelry, lab equipment, and electrical contacts. It's corrosion resistant.

Platinum is a chemical element in the periodic table of elements. Platinum is used in jewelry, laboratory equipment, dentistry, automobile emissions control devices, and electrical contacts.

Platinum; Platinum, Pt, is a metal. It has an atomic number of 78 and is heavy, malleable, ductile, and precious. Platinum is resistant to corrosion and occurs in some nickel and copper ores.

Platinum; Platinum, Pt, is a transition metal that is widely used. It is resistant to corrosion and also precious. Platinum also occurs in some copper and nickel ores.

Platinum A heavy, malleable, ductile, precious, grey-white transition metal that is resistant to corrosion. the atomic symbol is Pt and an atomic number of 78.

Platinum (Pt); The name platinum comes from the Spanish "platina", which means little silver. When pure, the metal is greyish-white and firm. It is heavy and resistant to corrosion.

Platinum: Platinum is an element that appears grayish white and firm. It is a heavy and durable metal with the atomic number 78 and the atomic symbol Pt.