

Date:	September 13, 2021
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From:	Heidi Riggio, Chair Faculty Policy Committee
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Subject:	Proposed Policy Modification for Chapter VI (Section B) of the <i>Faculty Handbook</i> FPC 20-14.3: Evaluation of Permanent Instructional Faculty

In Spring, 2021, the Faculty Policy Committee (FPC) modified the University policy on the Personnel Accomplishments Report (PAR) to indicate that materials submitted as evidence of accomplishments outlined in the PAR are only required for performance reviews but are optional for period evaluations of permanent instructional faculty. This policy modification was approved by the Academic Senate in Spring, 2021. FPC subsequently modified the policy on Evaluation of Permanent Instructional Faculty to be consistent with the approved modifications to the policy on the PAR.

FPC deliberated about FPC 20-14.3 at several meetings in Spring, 2021, with final FPC approval of these modifications at its meeting of September 13, 2021.

The following points summarize the proposed changes to the policy:

Lines 31-33:	We rephrased the sentence to more clearly describe the permanent personnel action file (PPAF) and the working personnel action file (WPAF).
Line 35:	We deleted redundant language.
Line 36:	We added the word "all" to clarify materials contained in the PPAF.
Lines 37-38:	We clarified language, including faculty submission of materials as comprising the WPAF.
Lines 39-41:	We indicate that for performance reviews, faculty members must submit a curriculum vitae, a personnel accomplishments report (PAR) (with additional language defining the PAR), and evidence supporting the accomplishments outlined in the PAR.
Lines 45-48:	We indicate that for periodic evaluations, a curriculum vitae and a PAR are required, but submission of evidence of accomplishments outlined in the PAR is optional.

1 Evaluation of Permanent Instructional Faculty

2 (Senate: 8/3/76, 5/24/77, 7/28/82[EA], 5/24/83, 11/3/87, 7/25/89, 11/7/89, 8/21/90, 7/30/91,

3 2/4/92, 10/26/93, 5/10/94, 8/22/95, 5/9/00, 5/10/11, 1/24/12, 5/28/13, 12/2/14; President:

4 8/16/76, 6/14/79, 9/8/82, 6/14/83, 6/22/88, 8/16/89, 11/24/89, 11/1/90, 10/7/91, 3/11/92,

- 5 12/13/93, 6/29/94, 6/24/96, 6/6/00, 7/14/11, 2/23/12, 7/9/13, 1/26/15; Editorial Amendment:
- 6 9/00, 8/01)
- 7 Governing documents: Articles 13, 14, and 15 of the Collective Bargaining Agreement between
- 8 the California State University and the California Faculty Association.
- 9 In keeping with the terminology utilized in the Collective Bargaining Agreement between the
- 10 California State University and the California Faculty Association, the term "permanent faculty"
- 11 shall refer to all probationary (tenure-track) and tenured faculty. This evaluation policy governs
- 12 permanent instructional faculty. Although librarians, counselors, and coaches fall within the
- 13 faculty bargaining unit, some aspects of their assignments differ from those of instructional
- 14 faculty and thus they are subject to specific evaluation criteria. Relevant evaluation policies for
- 15 each of these groups can be found in their respective evaluation policies elsewhere in this
- 16 Handbook.

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Overview

- 18 The purpose of the University's instructional evaluation policy is to maintain and enhance the
- 19 high quality of the academic programs at Cal State LA by assuring that all permanent faculty
- 20 members meet and maintain high standards of performance as teachers, scholars, and
- 21 members of the campus community. The policy aims to achieve this objective by establishing
- 22 criteria for fair, thorough, and consistent evaluation of individual faculty members.
- 23 Evaluations of tenure-track and tenured instructional faculty shall focus on the quality and
- 24 effectiveness of educational performance, professional achievement, and other contributions
- 25 to the University by the faculty member under review.
- 26 The evaluation of an instructional faculty member is based upon a comprehensive review of the
- 27 individual's qualities, achievements, and promise during the year or years included in the
- 28 review period.
- 29 Attention shall be given to forming a general "profile" or comprehensive estimate of the faculty
- 30 member's performance and special professional interests and accomplishments.
- 31 All reviews shall be based on evidence in the two-part personnel action file, which includes the
- 32 permanent personnel action file (PPAF) and the working personnel action file MATERIALS
- 33 SUBMITTED BY THE CANDIDATE (REFERRED TO AS the working personnel action file, WPAF). All
- 34 evaluations will be entered into the faculty member's permanent personnel action file
- 35 (PPAF). The permanent personnel action file (PPAF) is maintained by the University. Reports of

- 36 ALL peer observations of instruction and quantitative summaries of student opinion surveys are
- 37 maintained in the PPAF. The candidate is responsible for <u>providing</u> SUBMITTING the following
- 38 materials AS THEIR WPAF to their working personnel action file (WPAF) before the published
- 39 date of the file closure.: FOR PERFORMANCE REVIEWS, PERMANENT FACULTY MUST SUBMIT a
- 40 current curriculum vitae; a personnel accomplishments report (PAR), A NARRATIVE
- 41 STATEMENT that summarizes and describes the candidate's activities and accomplishments
- 42 during the period under review; and evidence of these activities and accomplishments.
- 43 Although performance review for tenure is cumulative and comprehensive, evidence submitted
- 44 should focus on accomplishments since the last performance review. Inclusion of materials
- 45 previously submitted for performance review is optional. FOR PERIODIC EVALUATIONS,
- 46 PERMANENT FACULTY MUST SUBMIT A CURRENT CURRICULUM VITAE AND A PAR;
- 47 SUBMISSION OF EVIDENCE FOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS OUTLINED IN THE PAR IS OPTIONAL FOR
- 48 PERIODIC EVALUATIONS.

49 I. Types of Evaluation

- 50 There are two types of evaluations of permanent faculty members:
- 51 **performance reviews,** required for retention, tenure and promotion of 52 permanent faculty, and
- 53periodic evaluations, conducted when an evaluation is required, but in periods54in which a faculty member is not under consideration for retention, tenure, or55promotion.
- 56 Performance reviews serve the dual purposes of determining whether or not a faculty
- 57 member's performance warrants retention, tenure, or promotion, and of providing the faculty
- 58 member with constructive feedback on his or her performance in the areas under
- 59 review. Periodic evaluations are aimed primarily at providing the faculty member with
- 60 feedback on his or her performance. However, they may be considered in subsequent
- 61 performance reviews.
- 62 Permanent (probationary and tenured) faculty members shall undergo a performance review
- 63 when under consideration for retention, tenure, or promotion. A permanent faculty member
- 64 undergoing a performance review shall be reviewed by the appropriate
- 65 department/division/school peer review committee, the department/division chair or school
- 66 director (if not a member of the department/division/school peer review committee), the
- 67 appropriate college peer review committee, the dean, the Provost and the President.
- 68 A permanent faculty member undergoing periodic evaluation shall be reviewed by the
- 69 appropriate department/division/school peer review committee, the department/division chair
- 70 or school director (if not a member of the department/division/school peer review committee),
- 71 and the dean. Periodic evaluations shall include review of a faculty member's performance in
- 72 all of the same areas as during a performance review.

73 II. Evaluative Standards

- 74 Permanent instructional faculty members at Cal State LA shall be evaluated on the basis of their
- 75 educational performance, professional achievement, and contributions to the University.
- 76 Permanent faculty evaluations shall utilize the following official evaluative terms:
- Outstanding describes truly *exceptional* performance, for a faculty member at the particular
 rank and career stage.
- 79 **Commendable** describes performance that is better than satisfactory and that exceed
- 80 expectations for a faculty member at the particular rank and career stage.
- Satisfactory describes performance that meets expectations for a faculty member at the
 particular rank and career stage.
- Needs Improvement describes performance that does not meet expectations for a faculty
 member at the particular rank and career stage, in one or more specified areas of concern.
- 85 Unsatisfactory describes performance that is *seriously deficient* for a faculty member at the
 86 particular rank and career stage.
- 87 A review that finds a faculty member's performance to be satisfactory or better in all areas shall
- be accompanied by a favorable recommendation for retention, tenure, or promotion, when
 eligible and not applying early.
- 90 An evaluation of "needs improvement" does not preclude a reviewer/review committee from
- 91 recommending retention. To receive a favorable recommendation for tenure and promotion at
- 92 least satisfactory performance must be demonstrated in all three categories.
- A judgment of unsatisfactory in any one area shall entail a negative recommendation forretention, tenure, or promotion.

95 III. Evaluation Timelines

96 Periodic and Performance Reviews for Probationary Faculty

- 97 Initial probationary appointments will normally be for two years. Initial appointments of
- 98 probationary faculty members who are appointed in a term other than fall shall end in spring
- 99 term of the second academic year of service.
- 100 During the first year of an initial probationary appointment, a faculty member shall undergo a
- 101 periodic evaluation, with the exception of those appointed in spring semester (who will not be
- 102 reviewed in the first [partial] year of appointment). During the second year of an initial

- probationary appointment, a faculty member shall undergo a performance review forretention.
- For the purposes of calculating tenure eligibility, the first year shall begin with the first fall termin which a probationary faculty member is employed.
- 107 It is possible to receive approval for a one-year extension of the probationary period when
- 108 participating in specified leave programs. Information related to extensions may be found in
- 109 Articles 13.7 and 13.8 of the Collective Bargaining Agreement.
- 110 If found to be satisfactory or better during a performance review for retention, probationary
- 111 faculty members shall be reappointed for subsequent two-year appointment(s) unless they
- 112 have only one year remaining in their probationary period, in which case they will receive a
- 113 one-year appointment. If a probationary faculty member is found to be less than satisfactory,
- 114 he or she *may* receive a one-year appointment. During each year between retention reviews
- 115 probationary faculty shall undergo periodic evaluations.
- 116 Probationary faculty members may request a performance review during any year in which
- 117 they would otherwise receive only a periodic evaluation.
- 118 Consideration for tenure normally occurs during the sixth year of service as a probationary
- 119 faculty member minus any credit toward tenure.
- 120 A faculty member shall not normally be promoted to associate professor and may not be
- 121 promoted to professor during the probationary period. Assistant professors who are awarded
- 122 tenure shall be promoted concurrently to associate professor.
- 123 A faculty member must be employed by Cal State LA and in the current rank for at least two
- 124 years before applying for tenure or promotion to a higher rank.

125 Early Tenure and/or Promotion for Probationary Faculty

- 126 Consideration for tenure normally occurs during the sixth year of service as a probationary
- 127 faculty members minus any credit toward tenure. A probationary faculty member applying for
- 128 early tenure or early promotion shall demonstrate that they have, in a shorter period of time,
- 129 (A) achieved the level of development in all areas of review that is expected of candidates for
- 130 tenure; and (B) established a record of accomplishments that exceeds the standards and level
- 131 of performance expected during the probationary period. Probationary faculty members shall
- 132 not be promoted beyond the rank of associate professor. Prior to the final decision for early
- 133 tenure or early promotion, candidates may withdraw without prejudice from consideration at
- any level of review. If a faculty member has applied for *and been denied* early tenure or early
- promotion, the faculty member cannot apply again for early tenure or early promotion while in
- 136 the same rank.

137 Post-Tenure Performance Reviews and Periodic Evaluations

- 138 Once tenured, a faculty member will typically undergo a performance review during the fifth
- 139 year in rank as an associate professor, for consideration for promotion to the rank of
- 140 professor. A faculty member who does not wish to apply for promotion within five years of
- 141 receiving tenure/promotion to associate professor, must undergo a periodic evaluation in the
- 142 fifth year in rank. All tenured professors (at any rank) shall be evaluated at intervals no greater
- 143 than five years. Participants in the Faculty Early Retirement Program (FERP) shall not be
- 144 required to undergo evaluation unless an evaluation is requested by either the FERP participant
- 145 or the college dean.
- 146 Tenured faculty members may be evaluated more frequently at the request of the faculty
- 147 member or the president.
- 148 The faculty member's evaluation for promotion to the rank of professor emphasizes the scope
- 149 and depth of teaching performance, the degree of professional recognition within and beyond
- 150 the University, and the distinctiveness of contributions to the general welfare of the faculty
- 151 members department/division/school, college, and University. Such a review must
- 152 necessarily include a careful evaluation of each individual achievement, with the aim of
- 153 determining its value to the faculty member, the students and the University.

154 Early Promotion for Tenured Faculty Members

- 155 Tenured associate professors may request to be considered for early promotion to the rank of
- 156 professor. Tenured associate professors applying for early promotion shall demonstrate that
- 157 they have achieved, in a shorter period of time, a record of accomplishments that exceeds the
- 158 standards and level of performance that would be expected during the normal five-year period
- 159 of time in rank as an associate professor. A faculty member cannot apply for early promotion if
- 160 they have applied for and been denied early promotion while in the same rank.

161 **Review Periods**

162 Performance Review Periods:

Review:	Review Period Begins:	Review Period Ends:
Retention review for second year faculty	Date of appointment to probationary position	File closure (fall semester of second year)
Retention (probationary performance review years other than second)	File closure of previous performance review	Current file closure (fall semester of performance review years)
Tenure and Promotion	Date of appointment to probationary position	Current file closure (fall semester of tenure <u>eligibilty</u> year)

Promotion to Professor		Current file closure (fall
	promotion performance	semester of promotion
	review	eligibility year)

163 Periodic Evaluation Periods:

Evaluation:	Evaluation Period Begins:	Evaluation Period Ends:
First year evaluation	Date of appointment to probationary position	File closure (spring semester of first year)
Annual evaluation (probationary years not requiring retention review)	File closure of previous performance review	Current file closure (spring semester of current year)
Post-tenure review	File closure of last review	Current file closure (spring semester of current year)

164 IV. Criteria Governing Evaluations of Permanent Faculty

- 165 Reviews for retention, tenure, and promotion to associate professor are cumulative in the
- 166 sense that the progress or growth of the faculty member since joining the faculty is a factor in
- 167 evaluation. Generally, the evaluation of a probationary faculty member will take into account
- all and only the activities and achievements since the initial probationary
- 169 appointment. Reviews are comparative in the sense that the faculty member is evaluated
- against the quality and effectiveness of performance of colleagues taking into account the
- 171 broad range of activities in which different members of the faculty engage. Performance
- 172 reviews for promotion to the rank of professor are similarly cumulative and comparative i.e.,
- 173 the progress or growth of faculty members while in their present rank is assessed against the
- 174 quality and effectiveness of colleagues' performance, taking into account the broad range of
- activities in which different members of the faculty engage. Except when applying for early
- 176 promotion to the rank of professor, for a faculty member to receive promotion to the rank of
- 177 professor, they shall demonstrate a level of achievement that is commensurate with that of
- 178 other candidates recommended for promotion to the rank of professor, regardless of the
- 179 number of years since earning tenure at Cal State LA.
- 180 Permanent faculty members are evaluated on the basis of their performance in the following181 categories:
- 182 A. Educational Performance
- 183 B. Professional Achievement
- 184 C. Contributions to the University.
- 185 Of the three categories, category A normally shall have the greatest weight. In the case of a 186 faculty member who is appointed or elected to a non-teaching position, special consideration

- 187 shall be given to performance in that assignment. In such cases, a faculty member should
- 188 consider preparing an individualized professional plan; the individualized professional plan is
- 189 described in section V. B.
- 190 Although the criteria governing performance reviews are the same for retention, tenure, and
- 191 promotion cases, reviewers should recognize qualitative differences between these types of
- 192 reviews. This difference, however, is one of degree, not kind, and it may be summed up under
- 193 the concept of growth or progress. At the time of the performance review of the faculty
- 194 member for retention during the probationary period, judgment is based on demonstrated
- 195 growth, performance and promise in categories A, B, and C.
- 196 At the time of candidacy for tenure and/or promotion, however, a faculty member is expected
- 197 to have demonstrated substantive achievements in each of the three areas; promise of future
- 198 growth will not be sufficient to warrant a positive recommendation for tenure or
- 199 promotion. Special consideration will be given to the continuity and growth of the activities
- 200 comprising this total performance.
- 201 **Category A, Educational Performance,** consists of two elements:
- 202 1. teaching performance, and
- 203 2. related educational activities.
- Teaching performance includes those activities by the faculty member that directly
 contribute to student learning. Effective teaching can include many pedagogical approaches,
 such as lectures, individual and group exercises, inquiry-based learning, discussion sessions, and
 other techniques. It can also include a wide range of activities such as supervising theses or
 projects; supervising student learning experiences in academic and community based settings;
 collaborating with students on research, performance, artistic, and other projects; mentoring
 students; and tutoring students.
- 211 The evaluation of teaching performance is an assessment of the quality and effectiveness of the
- 212 efforts of faculty members that contribute to student learning. This evaluation must include
- 213 multiple measures:
- a. A summary of the quantitative responses to the "<u>Student Opinion Survey on Instruction.</u>"
- b. Evaluation of teaching performance based upon a peer observation of instruction.
- c. At least one other source of information, such a course syllabi, instructional
- 217 materials, assessment methods, assignments (including field assignments), evidence of 218 student work and accomplishments, and signed letters from students.
- 219 2. Related educational activities include, but are not limited to: academic advisement,
- 220 curriculum/program development, programmatic assessment of learning outcomes,
- 221 membership on thesis committees, the development and evaluation of comprehensive exams,

- 222 and other academic support activities that enhance student retention and student
- 223 achievement.
- The evaluation of related educational activities is based upon such items as surveys of student
- opinions of advisement, student mentoring, tutoring, field activities, etc.; written reports from
- the department/division chair or school director, students, faculty, and/or other individuals
- with first hand knowledge of the faculty member's activities; and other such documentation
- 228 provided by the faculty member regarding participation in program assessment, curriculum
- 229 development, and other related educational activities.
- Category B, Professional Achievement, is defined as performance of discipline-related activities
 that include, but are not limited to the following broad areas identified in no particular order:
- Academic and scholarly contributions to the faculty member's profession and field, that are
 externally evaluated and published or formally accepted for publication such as research,
 critical essays and analyses, and theoretical speculations.
- Innovative use of technology, textbooks, and original teaching or testing materials which
 are adopted for professional and/or instructional use outside the faculty member's
 department/division/school.
- Inventions, designs and innovations that have been favorably evaluated by authorities
 outside the University.
- Creation, exhibition, performance or publication in the arts or literature. Producing and
 directing events in the performing arts, including visual arts, music, dance, and theatre,
 beyond normal instructional duties.
- Presentations before meetings of scholarly and professional societies, and presentations as
 an invited authority in the faculty member's field before scholarly and professional
 audiences.
- Participation in activities of scholarly or professional societies beyond mere membership,
 such as elective office, fellowship status, committee membership, receipt of special awards,
 organization of symposia, and chairing of conference sessions.
- Receipt of fellowships, grants, contracts or other subsidies and commissions for scholarly activities in the faculty member's field.
- Holding special appointments such as visiting professorships, lectureships, or consultant
 assignments in other academic, scholarly, professional, or governmental institutions.
- Editing or reviewing of scholarly or professional publications.
- Professional practice that utilizes the faculty member's academic expertise.
- Service to one's profession, in such cases where the activity is based on one's disciplinary
 expertise (for example, appointment to a granting agency's review board or service on a
 professional board).
- Community based participatory research, community service, and community based activities that involve the academic expertise of the faculty member.

- In evaluating these contributions as to their relative merits, the quality and effectiveness,
 and not only the quantity of the contributions in category B shall be the primary
 consideration.
- Category C, Contributions to the University, is defined as all other service to the University,
 profession, or community that contributes to the mission and governance of the University
 such as, but not limited to, those activities listed below.
- Contributions to academic governance such as membership and participation in the
 activities of department/division/school, college, university, and system committees, and
 service in administrative capacities.
- Participation in any student, faculty, professional, or community organization or
 engagement in any service to colleges and/or the community or engagement in other
 activities that bring positive recognition to the faculty member and to the University.
- Delivery of speeches, conducting of colloquia, or otherwise conveying information about
 the faculty member's scholarship, profession, field and university to community groups.
- Organization of and engagement in significant university, college and
 department/division/school activities that improve the educational environment and/or
 student, staff, or faculty life, such as organization of retreats, conferences, or orientations.
- In evaluating these contributions in category C as to their relative merits, the quality and
 effectiveness, and not only the quantity of the contributions shall be the primary
 consideration.

280 V. Additional Evaluation Policies

281 A. External Review

- 282 A request for an external review of materials in one's personnel file may be made by any of the 283 parties involved in the review. Any request for an external review must be directed to the 284 President or his designee and must indicate (1) the extraordinary circumstances warranting 285 external review, and (2) the materials to be reviewed. For such a review to take place, the 286 faculty member under review must concur with the request for external review. The dean of 287 the college shall select appropriate external reviewer(s), with the approval of the President or 288 designee and the concurrence of the faculty member under review, and transmit to the 289 reviewers the materials to be reviewed. A copy of the relevant parts of this policy shall 290 accompany the materials to be reviewed.
- 291 Once the external reviewer(s)' report is received, the file is returned to the initial stage of 292 review and the review commences from that level forward with the reviewers' report added to 293 the permanent personnel action file (PPAF).
- 294 B. Individualized Professional Plans (IPP)

- 295 Each faculty member shall have the discretion to develop, in collaboration with his or her chair
- 296 or director and the appropriate department/division school personnel committee, an
- 297 individualized professional plan (IPP). Such plans shall specify the candidate's goals and
- 298 objectives and may alter the balance or focus of performance among categories A, B, and C for
- a specified period of time.

300 A faculty member may choose to prepare an IPP when either his or her work assignment or 301 area of specialization warrants a departure from the usual evaluation criteria, or when the 302 faculty member's work is of a nature that it makes it difficult to apply the established 303 evaluation criteria articulated above. Such a plan must indicate the time period during which it 304 will apply to the evaluation of the faculty member's performance. No IPP may be retroactively 305 applied, and in no case shall an IPP exceed three years in duration. However, an IPP may be 306 renewed. An IPP must be approved by the faculty member, the department/division chair or 307 school director, the dean, the Provost and the President. The IPP must indicate (1) the unusual 308 circumstances or work assignment that warrant(s) the creation of the plan, (2) the work plan 309 (and expected outcomes) for the faculty member over the course of the IPP's duration, and (3) 310 where necessary, the criteria by which the faculty member will be evaluated. An individualized 311 professional plan will still require that a faculty member be evaluated in all areas of expected 312 performance. Whenever an IPP is approved, it must be placed in the permanent personnel 313 file. An IPP will be effective upon its approval and will govern only that part of the evaluation

314 period during which it is in place.

315 C. Evaluation of Faculty Active in Interdisciplinary Programs

- 316 When a faculty member with an appointment in a specific department/division/school devotes
- 317 all or part of his or her efforts to instruction in or participates in the development and
- 318 administration of an interdisciplinary program, that faculty member may request an assessment
- 319 of his or her performance in the activities associated with the interdisciplinary program. In that
- 320 case, prior to the file closure date, the coordinator of the interdisciplinary program shall
- 321 provide a written assessment of the contributions of the faculty member to that program for
- 322 the faculty member's permanent personnel action file. This assessment shall be part of the
- 323 evidence upon which the evaluation is based.

D. Evaluation of Faculty with Joint Appointment

- 325 The criteria for evaluating faculty with joint appointments shall be consistent with those used
- 326 for comparable evaluations of faculty members appointed to a single
- 327 department/division/school.
- 328 Faculty with joint appointments in two or more departments/divisions/schools or equivalent
- 329 units shall be evaluated either by the peer review committee, in each
- 330 department/division/school or by a joint committee of faculty from each
- department/division/school. If a joint committee is utilized, this committee will consist of
- members of all academic units within which the candidate holds a joint appointment. Each

- 333 academic unit shall elect the committee members representing the unit and each unit shall be
- 334 represented in as close to equal proportion as possible to proportion of the candidate's time
- assigned to that unit. If not a member of the peer review committee, the chair or director of
- each academic unit shall write an independent evaluation. A faculty member appointed in two
- different colleges will be evaluated by the college-level peer review committee in each college
- in which he or she is appointed.
- College dean(s), in consultation with the faculty member holding a joint appointment and the
- 340 department/division chair(s) or school director(s), shall determine whether the faculty member
- 341 will be evaluated in each department/division/school or by a joint committee; this
- 342 determination should be made at least 30 days prior to the file closure date for the faculty
- 343 member's first evaluation. In subsequent years, changes to the department/division/school-
- 344 level review process can be effected either at the recommendation of the faculty member with
- 345 dean's approval or at the discretion of the dean after consultation with the faculty
- 346 member. Such changes will become effective for any review cycles beginning 30 days after the
- 347 change is instituted.
- 348 In every case, the department/division/school and college-level recommendations shall be
- 349 forwarded to the respective dean(s) of the college(s) in which an appointment is held; each
- 350 dean shall conduct an evaluation and forward a recommendation to the Provost. For
- 351 individuals holding a joint appointment, the President shall make a single decision regarding
- 352 retention, tenure, or promotion.