

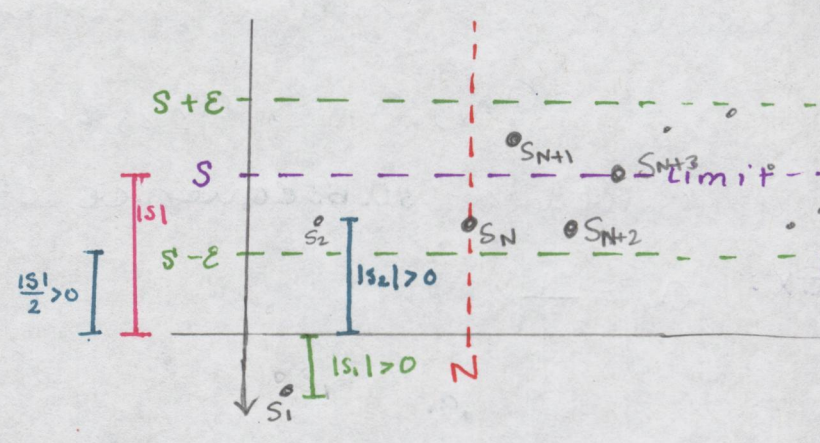
HW 2 #8

(a) Let  $(S_n)$  converge to  $S \neq 0$ . Assume  $S_n \neq 0 \forall n$ . Show that  $\exists M > 0$  where  $|S_n| \geq M \forall n$ .

proof: Let  $\epsilon = \frac{|S|}{2} > 0$   
since  $S \neq 0$

since  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} S_n = S, \exists N > 0$

where if  $n \geq N$  then  
 $|S_n - S| < \epsilon$



Note that if  $n \geq N$  then,

$$|S| = |S - S_n + S_n| \leq |S - S_n| + |S_n| < \underbrace{\frac{|S|}{2}}_{\epsilon} + |S_n|$$

so,  $|S| < \frac{|S|}{2} + |S_n|$

Thus,  $\frac{|S|}{2} < |S_n| \forall n \geq N$ .

Let  $M = \min\{|S_1|, |S_2|, \dots, |S_N|, \frac{|S|}{2}\}$

Note that  $M > 0$  since  $S_n \neq 0, S \neq 0$

if  $1 \leq n \leq N-1$ , then  $|S_n| \geq |S_n|$

if  $N \leq n$ , then  $|S_n| \geq \frac{|S|}{2}$

so  $\forall n, |S_n| \geq M \quad \square$

(b) If  $S_n \neq 0 \forall n, S \neq 0$ , and  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} S_n = S$ , then  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{S_n} = \frac{1}{S}$

proof: Let  $\epsilon > 0$ , By part (a)  $\exists M > 0$  where  $|S_n| > M \forall n$ .

Note that  $|\frac{1}{S_n} - \frac{1}{S}| = \left| \frac{S - S_n}{S \cdot S_n} \right| = \frac{|S - S_n|}{|S| \cdot |S_n|} < \frac{|S - S_n|}{|S| \cdot M} \forall n$

since  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} S_n = S \exists N > 0$  where if  $n \geq N$  then  $|S - S_n| < \underbrace{\epsilon \cdot |S| \cdot M}_{> 0}$

so if  $n \geq N$ , then  $|\frac{1}{S_n} - \frac{1}{S}| < \frac{|S - S_n|}{|S| \cdot M} < \frac{\epsilon \cdot |S| \cdot M}{|S| \cdot M} = \epsilon \quad \square$